Village of Mackinaw City, Michigan



Fiscal Year
Ended
February 28,
2014

Financial Statements



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

August 15, 2014

Village Council Village of Mackinaw City Mackinaw City, Michigan

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the *Village of Mackinaw City, Michigan* (the "Village") as of and for the year ended February 28, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Independent Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.



Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village, as of February 28, 2014, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof, and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund and each major special revenue fund, for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and the Schedules of Funding Progress and Employer Contributions for the defined benefit pension plan and other postemployment benefit plans listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued, our report dated August 15 2014, on our consideration of the Village's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Village's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Rehmann Loham LLC

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the Village of Mackinaw City, Michigan (the "Village"), we offer readers of the Village's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Village for the fiscal year ended February 28, 2014.

Financial Highlights

- The assets of the Village exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by approximately \$14,663,000 (net position). Of this amount, approximately \$1,722,000 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the Village's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The Village's total net position decreased by approximately \$167,000.
- · The Village repaid approximately \$409,000 of bonded and installment debt during the current fiscal year.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, the unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was approximately \$614,000 or 35 percent of fiscal 2014 total General Fund expenditures and transfers.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Village's basic financial statements. The Village's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-Wide Financial Statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Village's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the Village's assets, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Village is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the Village's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., bonds and notes payable and compensated absences).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the Village that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the Village include legislative, general government, public safety, highways and streets, health and welfare, and recreation and culture. The business-type activities of the Village include sewer, water, and marina.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the Village itself (known as the primary government), but also the Downtown Development Authority component unit, which is a legally separate entity for which the Village is financially accountable. Financial information for this component unit is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Fund Financial Statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Village, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Village can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the Village's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The Village maintains numerous individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, Municipal Street Special Revenue Fund, and the Ambulance Special Revenue Fund which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The Village adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund and each special revenue fund. Budgetary comparison statements have been provided herein to demonstrate compliance with the General Fund and all major special revenue funds' budgets.

Proprietyar Funds. The Village maintains two types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The Village uses enterprise funds to account for its sewer, water, and marina operations. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the Village's various functions.

The Village uses an internal service fund to account for its equipment operations. Because these services predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type activities, they have been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Enterprise funds provide the same type of information as the business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The enterprise fund financial statements provide separate information for the Sewer Fund, Water Fund and Marina Fund, which are considered to be major funds of the Village.

Fiduciary Funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the Village. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the Village's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

Notes to the Financial Statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Other Information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information (RSI). RSI includes this management discussion and analysis, along with the schedules of funding progress and employer contributions for the Village's defined benefit pension plan and other postemployment benefits.

The combining and individual fund statements and schedules referred to earlier in connection with the general fund and nonmajor governmental funds are presented immediately following the notes to the financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the Village, assets exceeded liabilities by approximately \$14,663,000 at the close of fiscal 2014.

A significant portion of the Village's net position (85%) is invested in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, equipment, marina, and infrastructure), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The Village uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Village's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the Village's net position represents the resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position may be used to meet the Village's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

	Net Position								
	Government	tal Activities	Business-typ	oe Activities	То	tal			
	2014	2013	2014	2013	2014	2013			
Cash and other assets	\$ 1,887,332	\$ 2,059,623	\$ 1,026,226	\$ 1,320,433	\$ 2,913,558	\$ 3,380,056			
Capital assets, net	6,813,264	6,784,541	7,242,398	7,086,823	14,055,662	13,871,364			
Total assets	8,700,596	8,844,164	8,268,624	8,407,256	16,969,220	17,251,420			
Current and other									
liabilities	236,835	192,181	216,825	106,299	453,660	298,480			
Long-term liabilities	1,852,691	1,914,899		170,000	1,852,691	2,084,899			
Total liabilities	2,089,526	2,107,080	216,825	276,299	2,306,351	2,383,379			
Deferred inflow									
of resources		37,847		_		37,847			
Net position:									
Net investment									
in capital assets	5,217,807	5,103,914	7,242,398	6,916,823	12,460,205	12,020,737			
Restricted	480,894	492,645	-	-	480,894	492,645			
Unrestricted	912,369	1,102,678	809,401	1,214,134	1,721,770	2,316,812			
Total net position	\$ 6,611,070	\$ 6,699,237	\$ 8,051,799	\$ 8,130,957	\$14,662,869	\$14,830,194			

Management's Discussion and Analysis

At the end of fiscal 2014, the Village is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net position, both for the government as a whole, and for its separate governmental and business-type activities. The same situation held true for the prior year.

The Village's net position decreased by approximately \$167,000 during fiscal 2014. This decrease is mainly attributable to use of fund balance and repairs and maintenance expenditures.

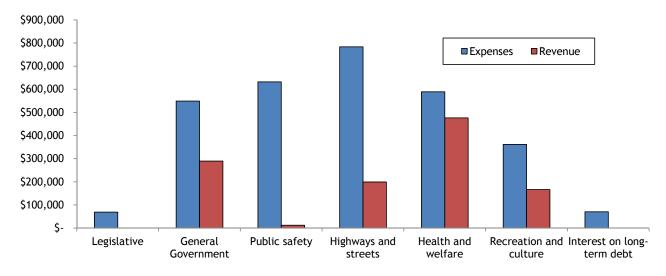
	Changes in Net Position									
	Governmental Activities Business-type Activities Total									
	2014	2013	2014	2013	2014	2013				
'										
Program revenues:										
Charges for services	\$ 482,006	\$ 449,929	\$ 1,234,840	\$ 1,091,869	\$ 1,716,846	\$ 1,541,798				
Operating grants										
and contributions	661,915	547,087	494	372	662,409	547,459				
Capital grants	4 424	104 120	27 500	10.054	20 (24	440.404				
and contributions	1,121	101,130	37,500	18,051	38,621	119,181				
General revenues:	1 407 052	1 5/7 201			1,607,053	1 547 201				
Property taxes Grants and	1,607,053	1,547,281	-	-	1,007,003	1,547,281				
contributions not										
restricted to										
specific programs	140,707	65,341	_	-	140,707	65,341				
Unrestricted interest		33,3				33,5				
income	5,760	9,325	-	-	5,760	9,325				
Total revenues	2,898,562	2,720,093	1,272,834	1,110,292	4,171,396	3,830,385				
•										
Expenses:										
Legislative	69,039	32,499	-	-	69,039	32,499				
General government	549,192	603,410	-	-	549,192	603,410				
Public safety	631,988	647,998	-	-	631,988	647,998				
Highways and streets	783,451	733,435	-	-	783,451	733,435				
Health and welfare	589,435	533,496	-	-	589,435	533,496				
Recreation and culture	361,607	337,225	-	-	361,607	337,225				
Interest on long-	70.202	70.000			70 202	70.000				
term debt	70,393	78,889	-	720 542	70,393	78,889				
Sewer	-	-	520,388	739,562	520,388	739,562				
Water Marina	-	-	305,721 457,507	328,068 337,014	305,721	328,068				
Total expenses	3,055,105	2,966,952	1,283,616	1,404,644	457,507 4,338,721	337,014 4,371,596				
Total expenses	3,033,103	2,700,732	1,203,010	1,404,044	4,330,721	4,371,370				
Change in net position										
before transfers	(156,543)	(246,859)	(10,782)	(294,347)	(167,325)	(541,206)				
	(100,010)	(= 10,007)	(10,702)	(=/ :,0 :/)	(107,020)	(011)=00)				
Transfers	68,376	(325,727)	(68,376)	325,727	_	-				
•	<u>, </u>			<u> </u>						
Change in net position	(88,167)	(572,586)	(79,158)	31,380	(167,325)	(541,211)				
·										
Net position:										
Beginning of year	6,699,237	7,271,823	8,130,957	8,099,577	14,830,194	15,371,400				
End of year	\$ 6,611,070	\$ 6,699,237	\$ 8,051,799	\$ 8,130,957	\$14,662,869	\$14,830,194				

Management's Discussion and Analysis

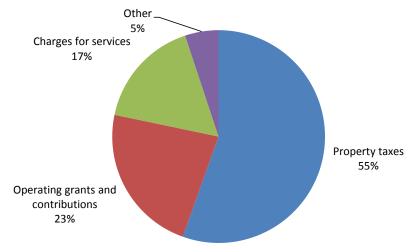
Governmental Activities. Governmental activities decreased the Village's net position by approximately \$88,000. Although total revenues increased approximately \$178,000 from the prior year, primarily from an increase in both program and general grant and contribution revenues, expenses also increased by approximately \$88,000 due to increased expenses in legislative, highways and streets, health and welfare and recreation and culture; offset by decreases in general government and public safety.

General government expenditures decreased by approximately \$54,000 related to the appropriate reallocation of certain employee's wages and fringes from general government to more specific operational functions within governmental activities. Highways and streets expenditures increased approximately \$50,000 from the prior year mainly related to hiring additional personnel.

Expenses and Program Revenues - Governmental Activities

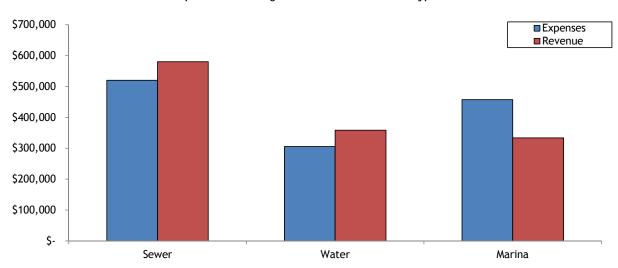


Revenue by Source - Governmental Activities



Management's Discussion and Analysis

Business-type Activities. Business-type activities decreased the Village's net position by approximately \$79,000. This decrease was directly related to the marina's operational expenses being greater than revenues by approximately \$161,000. Although revenues increased from the prior year, due to an approximate \$20,000 increase in transient moorage and approximately \$19,000 from a waterways grant; this increase was slightly offset by an approximate \$9,000 decrease in seasonal moorage from the prior year. The operation expenses for the marina are consistent with prior year amounts, however, in the current year, approximately \$143,000 in dredging expenses were incurred that did not exist in the prior year.



Expenses and Program Revenue - Business-type Activities

Substantially, all revenues for the business-type activities resulted from charges for services.

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

Governmental Funds. The focus of the Village's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Village's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the 2014 fiscal year, the Village's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of approximately \$1,378,000, a decrease of approximately \$201,000. Unassigned fund balance of approximately \$614,000 is available for spending at the Village's discretion. The remaining fund balance is restricted or assigned to be spent for specific purposes and not available for new spending.

The fund balance of the Village's General Fund decreased by approximately \$165,000 during the current fiscal year, which was mainly attributable to the use of fund balance to cover operating expenses.

The fund balance of the Village's Municipal Street Special Revenue Fund increased by approximately \$15,000 during the current fiscal year, which was mainly attributable to a slight increase in property tax revenue and transfers out.

The fund balance of the Village's Ambulance Special Revenue Fund decreased by approximately \$39,000 during the current fiscal year, which was mainly attributable to an approximate \$25,000 increase in charges for services, offset by an approximate \$74,000 decrease in expenses, primarily related to an approximate \$63,000 increase in insurance write-offs.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Proprietary Funds. The Village's proprietary fund financial statements provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Factors concerning the finanances of the enterprise funds have already been discussed in the discussion of the Village's business-type activites.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The budget net change in fund balance for the General Fund was approximately \$166,000 higher than the actual for the year ended February 28, 2014. The primary reason for the overall budget variance was revenues were approximately \$233,000 less than the final amended budget, primarily due to contributions being approximately \$180,000 less than the final amended budget.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets. The Village's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of February 28, 2014, amounted to approximately \$14,056,000 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, improvements, buildings, infrastructure, machinery, marina, vehicles and equipment.

Additional information on the Village's capital assets can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Major capital assets purchased during the current fiscal year included the following:

- · McLott Property Acquisition
- · Conkling Park
- · Barbara Street Lift Station
- · Dump Truck Purchase

Long-Term Debt. At February 28, 2014, the Village had total debt (less accrued compensated absences) outstanding of approximately \$1,595,000.

The Village issued new debt during the fiscal year of approximately \$153,000 under Act 99 as an installment contract maturing in fiscal 2020. Semi-annual payments of approximately \$14,000 are due each year and bear interest at 2.3%. The Village also repaid \$170,000 in Water Revenue Bonds during the year.

Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets

The following factors were considered in preparing the Village's budget for the 2014-2015 fiscal year:

- · Identify ways to cut expenses at the same time look for ways to generate new revenue.
- · Improvements to the Gary R. Williams Memorial Park with the removal of the former McLott house. A full and complete renovation will take several years.
- · Clean-up and repair activities caused by the harsh winter of 2013/2014.
- · Ongoing beach maintenance at First Beach.
- Full renovation of the Village Water Tower. It has been 14 years since any significant work has been done on the water tower.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Village's finances for all those with an interest in the Village's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report, or requests for additional financial information, should be addressed to the Village Manager, P.O. Box 580, Mackinaw City, Michigan 49701.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Statement of Net Position February 28, 2014

	P Governmental Activities	3,					
Assets Cash and investments Receivables, net Internal balances Other assets Restricted investments Capital assets not being depreciated Capital assets being depreciated, net	\$ 1,572,746 293,595 5,516 15,475 - 1,196,311 5,616,953	\$ 644,659 215,008 (5,516) 34,784 137,291 73,140 7,169,258	\$ 2,217,405 508,603 - 50,259 137,291 1,269,451 12,786,211	\$ 94,131 8,486 - - -			
Total assets	8,700,596	8,268,624	16,969,220	102,617			
Liabilities Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Unearned revenue Long-term liabilities: Due within one year Due in more than one year Net other postemployment benefits obligation	192,335 22,452 255,650 1,597,041 22,048	134,661 82,164 - -	326,996 104,616 255,650 1,597,041 22,048	3,339			
Total liabilities	2,089,526	216,825	2,306,351	3,339			
Net position Net investment in capital assets Restricted for: Highways and streets Cemetery WaWatam area seniors Debt service Unrestricted	5,217,807 340,975 106,421 9,781 23,717 912,369	7,242,398 - - - - - 809,401	12,460,205 340,975 106,421 9,781 23,717 1,721,770	- - - - - 99,278			
Total net position	\$ 6,611,070	\$ 8,051,799	\$ 14,662,869	\$ 99,278			

Statement of Activities For the Year Ended February 28, 2014

			Program Revenue							
Functions/Programs	E	Expenses	Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions		Ne	et Expense
Primary government										
Governmental activities:										
Legislative	\$	69,039	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(69,039)
General government		549,192		197,716		92,163		-		(259,313)
Public safety		631,988		7,089		4,500		1,121		(619,278)
Highways and streets		783,451		-		199,160		-		(584,291)
Health and welfare		589,435		267,581		208,947		-		(112,907)
Recreation and culture		361,607		9,620		157,145		-		(194,842)
Interest on long-term debt		70,393				-				(70,393)
Total governmental activities		3,055,105		482,006		661,915		1,121		(1,910,063)
Business-type activities:										
Sewer		520,388		579,855		494		-		59,961
Water		305,721		358,662		-		-		52,941
Marina		457,507		296,323		-		37,500		(123,684)
Total business-type activities		1,283,616		1,234,840		494		37,500		(10,782)
Total primary government	\$	4,338,721	\$	1,716,846	\$	662,409	\$	38,621	\$	(1,920,845)
Component unit										
Downtown Development Authority	\$	20,903	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(20,903)

Continued...

Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended February 28, 2014

								owntown velopment
		Р	rima	ry Governme	nt		A	uthority
	Gov	/ernmental	Bu	siness-type			Co	omponent
	A	Activities		Activities		Total		Unit
Changes in net position								
Net expense	\$	(1,910,063)	\$	(10,782)	\$	(1,920,845)	\$	(20,903)
General revenues:								
Property taxes		1,607,053		-		1,607,053		31,197
Grants and contributions not restricted								
to specific programs		140,707		-		140,707		-
Unrestricted interest income		5,760		-		5,760		-
Transfers - internal activities		68,376		(68,376)		-		-
Total general revenues and transfers		1,821,896		(68,376)		1,753,520		31,197
Change in net position		(88,167)		(79,158)		(167,325)		10,294
Net position, beginning of year		6,699,237		8,130,957		14,830,194		88,984
Net position, end of year	\$	6,611,070	\$	8,051,799	\$	14,662,869	\$	99,278

Concluded

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds February 28, 2014

	Con	eral Fund		unicipal Street Fund	Α	mbulance Fund		lonmajor vernmental Funds		Total
Assets	Gen	erai Fullu		ruiiu		runu		ruilus		TOTAL
Cash and investments	\$	659,363	\$	116,234	\$	177,070	\$	358,607	\$	1,311,274
Accounts receivable, net	•	5,743	*	-	•	31,479	*	5,074	•	42,296
Taxes receivable		97,150		33,982		-		6,794		137,926
Special assessments receivable		-		68,787		-		21,789		90,576
Other assets		-		-		-		15,475		15,475
Due from other funds		172,280		23,523		7,021		49,750		252,574
Due from other governmental units		10,290						12,507		22,797
Total assets	\$	944,826	\$	242,526	\$	215,570	\$	469,996	\$	1,872,918
Liabilities										
Accounts payable	\$	101,434	\$	15,886	\$	2,327	\$	3,316	\$	122,963
Accrued liabilities	,	13,420	·	-	•	4,443	·	5,694	•	23,557
Due to other funds		143,938		3,409		20,887		67,416		235,650
Unearned revenue		14,785				<u> </u>		<u> </u>		14,785
Total liabilities		273,577		19,295		27,657		76,426		396,955
Deferred inflow of resources										
Unavailable revenue		-		68,787				29,456		98,243
Fund balances										
Restricted										
Highways and streets		-		154,444		-		186,531		340,975
Cemetery		-		-		-		106,421		106,421
WaWatam area seniors		-		-		-		9,781		9,781
Debt service Assigned		-		-		-		53,236		53,236
Capital projects		_		_		_		3,848		3,848
Ambulance services		_		_		187,913		5,616		187,913
Iron workers walk foundation		_		_		-		4,297		4,297
Planning commission		15,745		_		_		-,=		15,745
Economic development commission		19,257		_		_		_		19,257
Performance Shell		22,742		-		-		-		22,742
Unassigned		613,505								613,505
Total fund balances		671,249		154,444		187,913		364,114		1,377,720
Total liabilities, deferred inflow										
of resources and fund balances	\$	944,826	\$	242,526	\$	215,570	\$	469,996	\$	1,872,918

Reconciliation

Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to Net Position of Governmental Activities February 28, 2014

Fund balances - total governmental funds

\$ 1,377,720

Amounts reported for *governmental activities* in the statement of net position are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore are not reported the fund statements.

Capital assets not being depreciated Capital assets being depreciated, net

1,318,969

5,162,869

The focus of governmental funds is on short-term financing; some assets will not be available to pay for current-period expenditures. Those assets (such as certain receivables) are offset by deferred inflows of resources in the governmental funds, and thus are not included in fund balance.

Unavailable special assessment revenue

90,576

Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as equipment costs, to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included in activities in the statement of net position.

Net position of governmental activities accounted for in an internal service fund

423,841

Certain liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.

Accrued interest on long-term liabilities
Bonds and notes payable
Compensated absences
Net other postemployment benefit obligation

(29,519) (1,454,104)

(257,234)

(22,048)

\$ 6,611,070

Net position of governmental activities

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Governmental Funds For the Year Ended February 28, 2014

	General Fund	Municipal Street Fund	Ambulance Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total
Revenues					
Property taxes	\$ 1,072,974	\$ 400,334	\$ -	\$ 133,745	\$ 1,607,053
State revenue	86,564	-	-	178,313	264,877
Special assessments	-	18,944	-	10,721	29,665
Licenses and permits	13,687	-	-	-	13,687
Contributions	215,619	-	153,949	57,385	426,953
Charges for services	657	-	258,900	18,501	278,058
Fines and forfeitures	6,527	-	-	-	6,527
Interest	5,760	3,315	-	3,665	12,740
Rents	167,808	-	-	72,533	240,341
Local contribution	-	-	-	17,651	17,651
Miscellaneous	11,871		713	4,241	16,825
Total revenues	1,581,467	422,593	413,562	496,755	2,914,377
Expenditures					
Current:					
General government	500,362	-	-	45,144	545,506
Legislative	69,039	-	-	-	69,039
Public safety	599,688	-	-	-	599,688
Highways and streets	-	41,095	-	510,436	551,531
Health and welfare	-	-	431,554	101,501	533,055
Recreation and culture	450,382	-	-	137,624	588,006
Debt service:					
Principal	-	-	-	200,235	200,235
Interest and paying agent fees	-	-	-	70,385	70,385
Capital outlay			10,596	40,293	50,889
Total expenditures	1,619,471	41,095	442,150	1,105,618	3,208,334
Revenue over (under) expenditures	(38,004)	381,498	(28,588)	(608,863)	(293,957)
Other financial sources (uses)					
Transfers in	-	-	-	596,455	596,455
Transfers out	(126,674)	(366,591)	(10,439)		(503,704)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(126,674)	(366,591)	(10,439)	596,455	92,751
Net change in fund balances	(164,678)	14,907	(39,027)	(12,408)	(201,206)
Fund balances, beginning of year	835,927	139,537	226,940	376,522	1,578,926
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 671,249	\$ 154,444	\$ 187,913	\$ 364,114	\$ 1,377,720

Reconciliation

Net Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities For the Year Ended February 28, 2014

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ (201,206)

Amounts reported for *governmental activities* in the statement of activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.

Capital outlay	403,668
Depreciation expense	(477.223)

Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds, but rather are deferred to a future fiscal year.

Current year collections on special assessments (29,665)

Bond proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases longterm liabilities in the statement of net position. Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.

Principal payments on long-term liabilities	200,235
Decrease in net other postemployment benefit obligation	6,543

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

Current year decrease in accrued interest on bonds	2,038
Increase in the accrual of compensated absences	(22,962)

Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as equipment costs, to individual funds. The activity of the internal service fund is reported with governmental activities.

Change in net position from governmental activities accounted for in internal service fund 30,405

Change in net position of governmental activities _\$ (88,167)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual - General Fund

For the Year Ended February 28, 2014

	Original Budget		Final Amended Budget	Actual	Fin	riance With al Amended Budget Positive Negative)
Revenues						
Property taxes	\$ 1,146,933	\$	1,108,577	\$ 1,072,974	\$	(35,603)
State revenue	75,398		87,398	86,564		(834)
Licenses and permits	7,500		10,700	13,687		2,987
Contributions	395,399		395,399	215,619		(179,780)
Charges for services	2,175		2,175	657		(1,518)
Fines and forfeitures	1,900		6,125	6,527		402
Interest	11,000		11,000	5,760		(5,240)
Rents	182,000		182,000	167,808		(14,192)
Miscellaneous	 11,300		11,300	 11,871		571
Total revenues	 1,833,605		1,814,674	 1,581,467		(233,207)
Expenditures						
Legislative	25,177		63,742	69,039		(5,297)
General government	601,754		531,057	500,362		30,695
Public safety	584,973		603,073	599,688		3,385
Recreation and culture	 170,305	_	440,853	 450,382		(9,529)
Total expenditures	 1,382,209		1,638,725	 1,619,471		19,254
Revenue over (under) expenditures	451,396		175,949	(38,004)		(213,953)
Other financing uses						
Transfers out	 (175,098)		(175,098)	 (126,674)		48,424
Net change in fund balance	276,299		852	(164,678)		(165,530)
Fund balance beginning of year	835,927		835,927	835,927		
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 1,112,226	\$	836,779	\$ 671,249	\$	(165,530)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Budget and Actual - Municipal Street Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended February 28, 2014

	Original Budget	Final Amended Budget	Actual	Fina	iance With al Amended Budget Positive Vegative)
Revenues					
Property taxes	\$ 390,000	\$ 368,000	\$ 400,334	\$	32,334
Special assessments	25,800	19,725	18,944		(781)
Interest	 	 -	 3,315		3,315
Total revenues	415,800	 387,725	422,593		34,868
Expenditures					
Current:					
Highways and streets	 30,000	 38,150	 41,095		(2,945)
Revenue over expenditures	385,800	349,575	381,498		31,923
Other financing sources uses					
Transfers out	 (385,800)	(475,235)	(366,591)		108,644
Net change in fund balance	-	(125,660)	14,907		140,567
Fund balance, beginning of year	 139,537	 139,537	139,537		
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 139,537	\$ 13,877	\$ 154,444	\$	140,567

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual - Ambulance Special Revenue Fund

Budget and Actual - Ambulance Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended February 28, 2014

	Original Budget	Am	Final nended udget	Actual	Fina	iance With al Amended Budget Positive Vegative)
Revenues						
Contributions from other governmental units	\$ 155,000	\$	153,559	\$ 153,949	\$	390
Charges for services Interest	187,189 200		240,000 200	258,900		18,900 (200)
Miscellaneous	1,050		1,050	713		(337)
Miseculicous	 1,030		1,030	 713		(337)
Total revenues	 343,439		394,809	413,562		18,753
Expenditures Current:						
Health and welfare	346,100		458,210	431,554		26,656
Capital outlay	17,000		15,000	10,596		4,404
Total expenditures	 363,100		473,210	 442,150		31,060
Revenue under expenditures	(19,661)		(78,401)	(28,588)		49,813
Other financing uses Transfers out	(10,439)		(10,439)	(10,439)		
Net change in fund balance	(30,100)		(88,840)	(39,027)		49,813
Fund balance, beginning of year	 226,940		226,940	226,940		
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 196,840	\$	138,100	\$ 187,913	\$	49,813

Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds February 28, 2014

	Bus	iness-type Activit	ies -Enterprise Fu	ınds	Governmental Activities
	Sewer	Water	Marina	Total	Internal Service Fund
Assets					
Current assets:					
Cash and investments	\$ 384,827	\$ 160,860	\$ 98,972	\$ 644,659	\$ 261,472
Accounts receivable	101,476	54,809	58,723	215,008	-
Due from other funds	74,111	4,012	3,732	81,855	1,403
Inventory	-	-	34,784	34,784	-
Total current assets	560,414	219,681	196,211	976,306	262,875
Noncurrent assets:					
Property and equipment					
Land	36,915	14,725	21,500	73,140	-
Buildings	121,971	28,211	-	150,182	-
Improvements other than buildings	7,417,570	2,338,091	113,358	9,869,019	-
Machinery and equipment	252,343	204,314	63,467	520,124	1,019,734
Marina	-	-	1,757,833	1,757,833	-
Accumulated depreciation	(2,736,223)	(1,078,457)	(1,313,220)	(5,127,900)	(688, 308)
Net property and equipment	5,092,576	1,506,884	642,938	7,242,398	331,426
Other assets:					
Restricted cash and investments	67,291	70,000	-	137,291	-
Total noncurrent assets	5,159,867	1,576,884	642,938	7,379,689	331,426
Total assets	5,720,281	1,796,565	839,149	8,355,995	594,301
Liabilities					
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable	3,676	9,004	117,069	129,749	15,572
Accrued liabilities	2,207	1,826	879	4,912	724
Due to other funds	33,350	36,086	17,935	87,371	12,811
Unearned revenue	-	-	82,164	82,164	-
Note payable, current portion	-	-	-	-	24,379
Total current liabilities	39,233	46,916	218,047	304,196	53,486
Noncurrent liabilities, net of current portion:					
Note payable					116,974
Total liabilities	39,233	46,916	218,047	304,196	170,460
Net position					
Net investment in capital assets	5,092,576	1,506,884	642,938	7,242,398	190,073
Unrestricted (deficit)	588,472	242,765	(21,836)	809,401	233,768
Total net position	\$ 5,681,048	\$ 1,749,649	\$ 621,102	\$ 8,051,799	\$ 423,841

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position

Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended February 28, 2014

		Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds								Governmental Activities Internal	
		Sewer		Water		Marina		Total		rternai vice Fund	
Operating revenues											
Sales and charges for services	\$	579,855	\$	358,662	\$	296,323	\$	1,234,840	\$	261,341	
Operating expenses											
Salaries and wages		116,660		104,396		84,943		305,999		36,931	
Fringe benefits		61,037		54,963		23,851		139,851		18,906	
Supplies		70,390		18,714		14,446		103,550		4,366	
Gasoline and oil		4,308		4,391		84,509		93,208		42,120	
Repairs and maintenance		1,990		20,119		3,882		25,991		22,441	
Contracted services		14,101		11,686		165,279		191,066		1,802	
Communications		4,335		3,408		4,223		11,966		3,850	
Conferences and workshops		297		560		80		937		95	
Travel		-		25		92		117		-	
Insurance		3,367		1,966		5,097		10,430		4,018	
Utilities		98,886		11,795		25,922		136,603		6,074	
Equipment rental		4,615		4,448		358		9,421		-	
Depreciation		139,498		56,017		37,922		233,437		77,762	
Miscellaneous	-	904		4,718	_	6,903		12,525		-	
Total operating expenses		520,388		297,206		457,507		1,275,101		218,365	
Operating income (loss)		59,467		61,456		(161,184)		(40,261)		42,976	
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)											
Interest earnings		494		-		-		494		-	
State revenue		-		-		37,500		37,500		-	
Gain on disposal of asset		-		-		-		-		13,850	
Interest and fiscal charges		-		(8,515)	_	<u> </u>		(8,515)		(2,046)	
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		494		(8,515)		37,500		29,479		11,804	
Income (loss) before transfers		59,961		52,941		(123,684)		(10,782)		54,780	
Transfers out		(68,376)		<u>-</u>				(68,376)		(24,375)	
Change in net position		(8,415)		52,941		(123,684)		(79,158)		30,405	
Net position, beginning of year		5,689,463		1,696,708		744,786		8,130,957		393,436	
Net position, end of year	\$	5,681,048	\$	1,749,649	\$	621,102	\$	8,051,799	\$	423,841	

Statement of Cash Flows
Proprietary Funds
For the Year Ended February 28, 2014

		Busi	ness	-type Activiti	ies -	Enterprise Fu	unds		vernmental ctivities
		Sewer		Water		Marina		Total	nternal vice Fund
Cash flows from operating activities									
Cash collected from customers	\$	557,947	\$	349,491	\$	282,520	\$	1,189,958	\$ -
Cash collected from other funds		-		-		-		-	261,341
Cash paid for employee wages and benefits		(178,003)		(159,373)		(108,632)		(446,008)	(56,332)
Cash paid for other operating and									
administrative expenses		(208,451)		(79,024)		(203,843)		(491,318)	 (84,824)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		171,493		111,094		(29,955)		252,632	 120,185
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities									
Interest payments	'	_		(8,515)		_		(8,515)	(2,046)
Principal payments		_		(170,000)		_		(170,000)	(38,311)
Purchase of property and equipment		(349,482)		(26,448)		(16,241)		(392,171)	(180,040)
State grant		-		-		37,500		37,500	-
Transfers in		-		-		, -		, <u>-</u>	-
Proceeds from sale of equipment		-		-		-		-	13,850
Transfers out		(68,376)				-		(68, 376)	 (24,375)
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and									
related financing activities		(417,858)		(204,963)		21,259		(601,562)	(230,922)
Cash flows from investing activities									
Interest received		494		-		-		494	-
Purchases of investments						-		-	153,376
Net cash provided by investing activities		494		_		_		494	153,376
Net cash provided by investing activities		474			_			777	 133,370
Net (decrease) increase in cash and investments		(245,871)		(93,869)		(8,696)		(348,436)	42,639
Cash and investments, beginning of year		630,698		254,729		107,668		993,095	 218,833
Cash and investments, end of year	\$	384,827	\$	160,860	\$	98,972	\$	644,659	\$ 261,472

Continued...

Statement of Cash Flows

Proprietary Funds

For the Year Ended February 28, 2014

	Busi	ness	s-type Activiti	es -	Enterprise Fu	ınds			rernmental ctivities
								I	nternal
	Sewer		Water		Marina		Total	Ser	vice Fund
Cash flows from operating activities									
Operating income (loss)	\$ 59,467	\$	61,456	\$	(161,184)	\$	(40,261)	\$	42,976
Adjustments to reconcile operating (loss) income									
to net cash (used in) provided by operating activities									
Depreciation	139,498		56,017		37,922		233,437		77,762
(Gain) loss on disposal of capital assets	-		3,159		-		3,159		-
Changes in operating assets and liabilities									
which provided (used) cash									
Accounts receivable	(21,908)		(9,171)		(13,803)		(44,882)		-
Inventory	-		-		(9,347)		(9,347)		-
Accounts payable	(5,258)		(353)		115,877		110,266		(58)
Accrued liabilities	(306)		(14)		162		(158)		(495)
Unearned revenue	 		-		418		418		
Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities	\$ 171,493	\$	111,094	\$	(29,955)	\$	252,632	\$	120,185

Concluded

Statement of Net Position - Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary Funds February 28, 2014

		ension ust Fund	
	Ret	ployees' tirement System	Agency Funds
Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	-	\$ 11,831
Investments		900,004	-
Total assets		900,004	\$ 11,831
Liabilities			
Accounts payable		-	\$ 808
Due to employees		-	11,023
Total liabilities		-	\$ 11,831
Net position - restricted for pension benefits	\$	900,004	

Statement of Changes in Net Position - Fiduciary Fund

Pension Trust Fund For the Year Ended February 28, 2014

Additions Contributions Investment gain	\$ 63,836 111,078
Total additions	174,914
Deductions Benefit payments	 277,505
Change in net position	(102,591)
Net position - restricted for pension benefits, beginning of year	 1,002,595
Net position - restricted for pension benefits, end of year	\$ 900,004

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Notes To Financial Statements

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Reporting Entity

As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial statements of the reporting entity include those of the *Village of Mackinaw City*, *Michigan* (the "Village") and its component unit. The component unit discussed below is included in the Village's reporting entity because of the significance of its operational or financial relationship with the Village.

Discretely Presented Component Unit

Downtown Development Authority ("DDA") - The amounts reported as the component unit in the basic financial statements include the financial data of the Village's DDA to emphasize that it is legally separate from the Village. The members of the governing board of the DDA are appointed by the Village Council. The budgets and expenditures of the DDA must be approved by the Village Council. The Village also has the ability to significantly influence operations of the DDA. Separate financial statements of the DDA have not been prepared.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component unit. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these financial statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for services. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from the legally separate component unit for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) Charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

The fund financial statements provide information about the Village's funds, including its fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category - governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary - are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, except for agency funds which do not have a measurement focus. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows.

Notes To Financial Statements

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Nonoperating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from nonexchange transactions or ancillary activities.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the Village gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized as revenue in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been satisfied.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when both measurable and available. The Village considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if they are collected within sixty (60) days of the end of the current fiscal period. Property taxes, state shared revenue, grant revenue, interest and other receivables earned within the year, but not collected until after year-end are considered to be susceptible to accrual. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the Village.

Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on long-term debt, compensated absences, and claims and judgments, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases, if any, are reported as other financing sources.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments-in-lieu of taxes and other charges between the government's water and sewer function and various other functions of the Village. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Restricted net position includes assets that are subject to restrictions beyond the Village's control. The restrictions may be externally imposed or imposed by law. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Village's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Notes To Financial Statements

The Village reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the Village's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those accounted for and reported in another fund.

The *Municipal Street Special Revenue Fund* accounts for the use of a tax levy which is used to supplement the Major and Local Street Funds.

The Ambulance Special Revenue Fund accounts for the operations of the Village-operated ambulance service.

The Village reports the following major enterprise funds:

The Sewer Fund accounts for the activities of the Village's sewage disposal and sewage treatment systems.

The Water Fund accounts for the activities of the Village's water distribution and water treatment systems.

The Marina Fund accounts for the operations of the Village-owned marina.

Additionally, the Village reports the following fund types:

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for and report proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

Debt Service Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

Capital Projects Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

Internal Service Fund accounts for operations that provide machinery and equipment to other departments of the Village on a cost-reimbursement basis.

Pension Trust Fund accounts for the activities of the Village's employee retirement system, which accumulates resources for retirement benefit payments to qualified employees.

Agency Funds are custodial in nature and do not present results of operations or have a measurement focus. These funds are used to account for assets held for other governments and employees in an agency capacity.

Notes To Financial Statements

Assets, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and equity

Deposits and investments

The Village pools cash and investment resources of various funds in order to facilitate the management of cash. Cash applicable to a particular fund is readily identifiable and is displayed on the statement of net position/balance sheet as "Cash and investments." The balance in the pooled cash accounts is available to meet current operating requirements. Cash in excess of current requirements is invested in various certificates of deposit. Cash resources of the debt service and trust and agency funds are held separately, as required by law.

The Village's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

State statutes authorize the Village to deposit in the accounts of federally insured banks, credit unions, and savings and loan associations and to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, certain commercial paper, repurchase agreements, bankers acceptances, and mutual funds composed of otherwise legal investments.

The Village's investments during the year consisted of certificate of deposits with original maturities of more than three months and pension trust investments held with a life insurance company.

Receivables and payables

All receivables are reported at their gross value, and where appropriate are reduced by the estimated portion that is expected to be uncollectible. The Ambulance Special Revenue Fund accounts receivable is shown net of an estimated allowance for uncollectible accounts of \$87,000.

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non current portion of interfund loans). Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business type activities are reported in the government wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Inventories

All inventories are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method of accounting.

Restricted investments

Certain resources are set aside for repairs and replacements in the sewer and water funds and are classified as restricted assets on the Statement of Net Position because their use is limited.

Notes To Financial Statements

Capital assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. The Village defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities, if any, is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. No such interest expense was incurred during the current fiscal year.

Capital assets of the primary government are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	Years
Land improvements	10-15
Infrastructure	20
Buildings and improvements	15-40
Machinery and equipment	5-25
Improvements other	
than buildings	20-75
Marina	7-40

Compensated absences

It is the Village's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused sick and vacation time benefits, subject to certain limitations. All sick and vacation time pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations or retirements.

Long-term obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt, and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Notes To Financial Statements

Deferred inflows of resources

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to one or more future periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues, which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting, from two sources: property taxes and special assessment receivable. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. In addition, deferred inflows of resources reported in the government-wide and governmental fund financial statements for items such as property taxes levied during the year that were intended to finance future periods.

Fund equity

Governmental funds report nonspendable fund balance for amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Restricted fund balance is reported when externally imposed constraints are placed on the use of resources by grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments. Committed fund balance is reported for amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the Village Council (the Village's highest level of decision-making authority). A formal resolution of the Village Council is required to establish, modify, or rescind a fund balance commitment. The Village reports assigned fund balance for amounts that are constrained by the Village's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. The Village Council has delegated the authority to assign fund balance to the Village Manager or his designee. Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund.

When the Village incurs an expenditure for purposes for which various fund balance classifications can be used, it is the Village's practice to use restricted fund balance first, then committed fund balance, assigned fund balance, and finally unassigned fund balance.

Property taxes

The Village's property taxes are levied each July 1 on the taxable valuation of property located in the Village as of the preceding December 31, the lien date. Property taxes are payable without penalty and interest through September 14; as of March 1 of the succeeding year, unpaid real property taxes are sold to and collected by Cheboygan and Emmet Counties. Assessed values, as established annually by the Village and subject to acceptance by the counties, are equalized by the State at an estimated 50% of current market value. The taxable value of real and personal property in the Village for the 2013 levy was approximately \$96,430,000. The Village's general operating tax rate for fiscal 2013-14 was 10.6215 mills with an additional 4.2485 mills for streets and 0.8495 mills for the cemetery. Property taxes are recognized in the fiscal year in which they are levied.

Property taxes for the DDA are derived from a 1.8056 mill tax levied on the properties located within the DDA district under the authority of Public Act 197 of 1975.

Notes To Financial Statements

Interfund transactions

During the course of normal operations, the Village has numerous transactions between funds including expenditures and transfers of resources to provide services, construct assets, and service debt. The accompanying financial statements generally reflect such transactions as transfers. Transfers between governmental or proprietary funds are netted as part of the reconciliation to the government-wide financial statements. The internal service fund is used to record charges for services to all Village departments as operating revenue.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

2. BUDGETARY INFORMATION

Annual budgets are adopted on the same basis as the accounting method used to reflect actual results. The General Fund and special revenue funds are subject to legal budgetary accounting controls and all are budgeted annually. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end.

On or before the third Thursday in February of each year, the Village Manager must present the proposed budget to the Village Council for review. The Council holds public hearings and a final budget must be prepared and adopted by resolution no later than the first day in March.

The budget document presents information by fund, function, department, and line item. The legal level of budgetary control adopted by the Village Council is the function level which is the level at which expenditures may not exceed appropriations. The Village Manager may make transfers of appropriations within a function. Transfers of appropriations between functions require the approval of the Village Council.

Notes To Financial Statements

3. EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES OVER BUDGET

P.A. 621 of 1978, as amended, provides that a local unit shall not incur expenditures in excess of the amount budgeted. The approved budgets of the Village were adopted on the functional level basis for all governmental funds, which is the legal level of control. During the year ended February 28, 2014 the Village had expenditures in budgetary funds which were in excess of the amounts budgeted as follows:

	Fina	al Amended Budget	_	Actual enditures	 avorable ariance
General Fund Legislative Recreation and culture	\$	63,742 440,853	\$	69,039 450,382	\$ 5,297 9,529
Municipal Street Special Revenue Fund Highway and streets		38,150		41,095	2,945

4. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Following is a reconciliation of deposit and investment balances as of February 28, 2014:

	Primary Cor Government			Component Unit		Totals
Statement of Net Position Cash and investments Restricted investments	\$	2,217,405 137,291	\$	94,131 -	\$	2,311,536 137,291
Total Statement of Net Position	\$	2,354,696	\$	94,131	:	2,448,827
Statement of Net Position - Fiduciary Funds Cash and cash equivalents Investments						11,831 900,004
Total					\$	3,360,662
Deposits and investments Bank deposits:						
Checking and savings accounts					\$	1,389,871
Certificates of deposit: Maturing in 1 year Maturing in 1-5 years Investments:						919,787 151,000
Securities, mutual funds and similar vehicles						900,004
Total					\$	3,360,662

Notes To Financial Statements

Interest Rate Risk. State law limits the allowable investments and the maturities of some of the allowable investments as identified in the list of authorized investments below. The Village's investment policy does not have specific limits in excess of state law on investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. The investments included in the Statement of Net Position - Fiduciary Funds do not have specific maturity dates.

Credit Risk. The Village's investment policy does not have specific limits in excess of state law on investment credit risk. The Village has no investments for which ratings are required.

Custodial Credit Risk-Deposits. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Village's deposits may not be returned. State law does not require and the Village does not have a policy for deposit custodial credit risk. As of year-end, \$1,597,700 of the Village's bank balance of \$2,483,747 was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and uncollateralized.

Custodial Credit Risk-Investments. The Village's Pension Trust Fund holds securities of \$900,004 in a trust fund of a life insurance company, which are not in the Village's name. The carrying amount of the Pension Trust Fund investments is stated at fair value.

The Village is authorized by statute to invest surplus funds in the following:

Bonds, securities, other obligations, and repurchase agreements of the United States, or an agency or instrumentality of the United States.

Certificates of deposit, savings accounts, deposit accounts, or depository receipts of a qualified financial institution.

Commercial paper rated at the time of purchase within the 2 highest classifications established by not less than 2 standard rating services and that matures not more than 270 days after the date of purchase.

Bankers acceptances of United States banks.

Obligations of the State of Michigan and its political subdivisions that, at the time of purchase are rated as investment grade by at least one standard rating service.

Mutual funds registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940, limited to mutual fund securities whose intention is to maintain a net asset value of \$1.00 per share.

External investment pools as authorized by Public Act 20 as amended through December 31, 1997.

The Village Council is authorized to designate depositories for Village funds, and to determine that the funds are invested in accordance with State of Michigan statutory authority. The Village's deposits are in accordance with statutory authority.

Notes To Financial Statements

5. RECEIVABLES

Receivables are comprised of the following at February 28, 2014:

	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		omponent Unit
Accounts receivable Taxes receivable	\$ 42,296 137,926	\$	215,008	\$	- 8,486
Special assessment receivable, due in one year Special assessment receivable,	21,372		-		-
due in more than one year Due from other governmental units	69,204 22,797		-		- -
	\$ 293,595	\$	215,008	\$	8,486

Governmental funds report deferred inflows of resources in connection with receivables that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period of \$98,243.

6. ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUED LIABILITIES

The composition of accounts payable and accrued liabilities is as follows at February 28, 2014:

		ernmental ctivities	iness-type ctivities	Component Unit	
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities		138,535 53,800	\$ 129,749 4,912	\$	3,339
	\$	192,335	\$ 134,661	\$	3,339

7. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

The composition of interfund balances as of February 28, 2014, was as follows:

	Due from			Due to
	Oth	ner Funds	Otl	her Funds
General Fund Municipal Street Fund	\$	172,280 23,523	\$	143,938 3,409
Ambulance Fund		7,021		20,887
Nonmajor governmental funds		49,750		67,416
Sewer		74,111		33,350
Water		4,012		36,086
Marina		3,732		17,935
Internal Service Fund	1,403			12,811
	\$	335,832	\$	335,832

Notes To Financial Statements

These balances resulted from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made.

For the year ended February 28, 2014, interfund transfers consisted of the following:

	Tra	nsfers In	Tra	nsfers Out
General Fund	\$	-	\$	126,674
Municipal Street Fund Ambulance Fund		-		366,591 10,439
Nonmajor governmental funds Sewer Fund		596,455 -		- 68,376
Internal Service Fund				24,375
	\$	596,455	\$	596,455

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that is required to collect them to the fund that is required or allowed to expend them, (2) move receipts restricted to or allowed for debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service fund as debt service payments become due, and (3) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

Notes To Financial Statements

8. CAPITAL ASSETS

Primary government

Capital asset activity for the primary government for the year ended February 28, 2014 was as follows:

Construction in progress 122,658 36,583 - (159,241) Total capital assets not being depreciated 1,042,581 312,971 - (159,241) 1,196 Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings and improvements 2,358,687 159,241 2,517 Land improvements 939,830 17,000 956 956 Equipment 3,246,846 253,737 (120,074) - 3,380 Infrastructure 4,680,118 4,680 4,680 Total capital assets being depreciated 11,225,481 270,737 (120,074) 159,241 11,535 Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings and improvements (819,356) (67,340) 6 (886 Land improvements (729,269) (26,538) 7 (755 Equipment (1,991,276) (227,101) 120,074 - 6,998 Infrastructure (1,943,620) (234,006) 6 (2,177 Total accumulated depreciation (5,483,521) (554,985) 120,074 - 6,5918		E	Beginning Balance	A	dditions	Disposals	Tra	nsfers	Ending Balance
Construction in progress 122,658 36,583 - (159,241) Total capital assets not being depreciated 1,042,581 312,971 - (159,241) 1,196 Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings and improvements 939,830 17,000 956 Equipment 3,246,846 253,737 (120,074) - 3,380 (167,340) 4,680 Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings and improvements 931,836 (67,340) (886 (149,356) (227,101) 120,074 - (2,098 (167,340) (2,075) (227,101) 120,074 - (2,098 (167,340) (2,075) (2,077) (2,078) (2	Capital assets, not being								
progress 122,658 36,583 - (159,241) Total capital assets not being depreciated 1,042,581 312,971 - (159,241) 1,196 Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings and improvements 2,358,687 159,241 2,517 Land improvements 939,830 17,000 956 956 520 523,737 (120,074) - 3,380 11,25,481 270,737 (120,074) 159,241 11,535 11,225,481 270,737 (120,074) 159,241 11,535 11,535 120,074) 159,241 11,535 120,074 2,237 120,074 159,241 11,535 120,074 2,237 120,074 159,241 11,535 120,074 159,241 11,535 120,074 159,241 11,535 120,074 159,241 11,535 120,074 159,241 11,535 120,074 159,241 11,535 120,074 159,241 159,241 159,241 159,241 159,241 159,241 159,241 159,241 159,18 159,241 159,241 159,18 <td< td=""><td></td><td>\$</td><td>919,923</td><td>\$</td><td>276,388</td><td>\$ -</td><td>\$</td><td>-</td><td>\$ 1,196,311</td></td<>		\$	919,923	\$	276,388	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 1,196,311
being depreciated 1,042,581 312,971 - (159,241) 1,196 Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings and improvements 2,358,687 - - 159,241 2,517 Land improvements 939,830 17,000 - - 956 Equipment 3,246,846 253,737 (120,074) - 3,380 Infrastructure 4,680,118 - - - 4,680 Total capital assets being depreciated 11,225,481 270,737 (120,074) 159,241 11,535 Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings and improvements (819,356) (67,340) - - (886 Land improvements (729,269) (26,538) - - - (755 Equipment (1,991,276) (227,101) 120,074 - (2,098 Infrastructure (1,943,620) (234,006) - - (2,177 Total accumulated depreciation (5,483,521) (554,985) 120,074 - (5,918 Total capital assets being depreciated, net 5,741,960 (284,248) - 159,			122,658		36,583	-		(159,241)	
depreciated: Buildings and improvements	•		1,042,581		312,971	-		(159,241)	1,196,311
Land improvements 939,830 17,000 - - 956 Equipment 3,246,846 253,737 (120,074) - 3,380 Infrastructure 4,680,118 - - - 4,680 Total capital assets being depreciated 11,225,481 270,737 (120,074) 159,241 11,535 Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings and improvements (819,356) (67,340) - - (886 Land improvements (729,269) (26,538) - - (755 Equipment (1,991,276) (227,101) 120,074 - (2,098 Infrastructure (1,943,620) (234,006) - - (2,177 Total accumulated depreciation (5,483,521) (554,985) 120,074 - (5,918 Total capital assets being depreciated, net 5,741,960 (284,248) - 159,241 5,616	depreciated:								
Equipment 3,246,846 253,737 (120,074) - 3,380 Infrastructure 4,680,118 4,680 Total capital assets being depreciated 11,225,481 270,737 (120,074) 159,241 11,535 Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings and improvements (819,356) (67,340) (886 Land improvements (729,269) (26,538) (755 Equipment (1,991,276) (227,101) 120,074 - (2,098 Infrastructure (1,943,620) (234,006) (2,177 Total accumulated depreciation (5,483,521) (554,985) 120,074 - (5,918 Total capital assets being depreciated, net 5,741,960 (284,248) - 159,241 5,616	improvements		2,358,687		-	-		159,241	2,517,928
Infrastructure	Land improvements		939,830		17,000	-		-	956,830
Total capital assets being depreciated 11,225,481 270,737 (120,074) 159,241 11,535 Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings and improvements (819,356) (67,340) (886) Land improvements (729,269) (26,538) (755) Equipment (1,991,276) (227,101) 120,074 - (2,098) Infrastructure (1,943,620) (234,006) (2,177) Total accumulated depreciation (5,483,521) (554,985) 120,074 - (5,918) Total capital assets being depreciated, net 5,741,960 (284,248) - 159,241 5,616	Equipment		3,246,846		253,737	(120,074)		-	3,380,509
depreciated 11,225,481 270,737 (120,074) 159,241 11,535 Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings and improvements (819,356) (67,340) - - (886 Land improvements (729,269) (26,538) - - (755 Equipment (1,991,276) (227,101) 120,074 - (2,098 Infrastructure (1,943,620) (234,006) - - - (2,177 Total accumulated depreciation (5,483,521) (554,985) 120,074 - (5,918 Total capital assets being depreciated, net 5,741,960 (284,248) - 159,241 5,616	Infrastructure		4,680,118			-			4,680,118
Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings and improvements (819,356) (67,340) (886 Land improvements (729,269) (26,538) (755 Equipment (1,991,276) (227,101) 120,074 - (2,098 Infrastructure (1,943,620) (234,006) (2,177 Total accumulated depreciation (5,483,521) (554,985) 120,074 - (5,918 Total capital assets being depreciated, net 5,741,960 (284,248) - 159,241 5,616									
depreciation for: Buildings and improvements (819,356) (67,340) - - (886 Land improvements (729,269) (26,538) - - (755 Equipment (1,991,276) (227,101) 120,074 - (2,098 Infrastructure (1,943,620) (234,006) - - - (2,177 Total accumulated depreciation (5,483,521) (554,985) 120,074 - (5,918 Total capital assets being depreciated, net 5,741,960 (284,248) - 159,241 5,616	depreciated		11,225,481		270,737	(120,074)		159,241	11,535,385
Land improvements (729,269) (26,538) - - (755 Equipment (1,991,276) (227,101) 120,074 - (2,098 Infrastructure (1,943,620) (234,006) - - - (2,177 Total accumulated depreciation (5,483,521) (554,985) 120,074 - (5,918 Total capital assets being depreciated, net 5,741,960 (284,248) - 159,241 5,616	depreciation for:								
Equipment (1,991,276) (227,101) 120,074 - (2,098) Infrastructure (1,943,620) (234,006) - - - (2,177) Total accumulated depreciation (5,483,521) (554,985) 120,074 - (5,918) Total capital assets being depreciated, net 5,741,960 (284,248) - 159,241 5,616	improvements		(819,356)		(67,340)	-		-	(886,696)
Infrastructure (1,943,620) (234,006) - - (2,177 Total accumulated depreciation (5,483,521) (554,985) 120,074 - (5,918 Total capital assets being depreciated, net 5,741,960 (284,248) - 159,241 5,616	Land improvements		(729,269)		(26,538)	-		-	(755,807)
Total accumulated depreciation (5,483,521) (554,985) 120,074 - (5,918) Total capital assets being depreciated, net 5,741,960 (284,248) - 159,241 5,616	Equipment		(1,991,276)		(227,101)	120,074		-	(2,098,303)
depreciation (5,483,521) (554,985) 120,074 - (5,918) Total capital assets being depreciated, net 5,741,960 (284,248) - 159,241 5,616	Infrastructure		(1,943,620)		(234,006)			-	(2,177,626)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net 5,741,960 (284,248) - 159,241 5,616									
depreciated, net 5,741,960 (284,248) - 159,241 5,616	depreciation		(5,483,521)		(554,985)	120,074			 (5,918,432)
Governmental activities			5,741,960		(284,248)	-		159,241	5,616,953
capital assets, net \$ 6,784,541 \$ 28,723 \$ - \$ - \$ 6,813		\$	6,784,541	\$	28,723	\$ 	\$		\$ 6,813,264

Notes To Financial Statements

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Disposals	Transfers	Ending Balance
Business-type Activities Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land	\$ 73,140	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 73,140
Construction in progress	30,037	304,947	<u>-</u>	(334,984)	<u> </u>
Total capital assets not being depreciated	103,177	304,947		(334,984)	73,140
Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings and					
improvements Improvements other	150,182	-	-	-	150,182
than buildings Machinery and	9,527,258	18,088	(11,311)	334,984	9,869,019
equipment Marina	467,931 1,741,592	52,895 16,241	(702)	-	520,124 1,757,833
Total capital assets being depreciated	11,886,963	87,224	(12,013)	334,984	12,297,158
Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings and					
improvements Improvements other	(53,694)	(4,538)	-	-	(58,232)
than buildings Machinery and	(3,369,790)	(168,022)	8,152	-	(3,529,660)
equipment Marina	(359,264) (1,120,569)	(25,263) (35,614)	702 -	-	(383,825) (1,156,183)
Total accumulated depreciation	(4,903,317)	(233,437)	8,854		(5,127,900)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	6,983,646	(146,213)	(3,159)	334,984	7,169,258
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 7,086,823	\$ 158,734	\$ (3,159)	\$ -	\$ 7,242,398

Notes To Financial Statements

Depreciation expense charged to functions/programs of the primary government is as follows for the year ended February 28, 2014:

Depreciation of governmental activities by function	
General government	\$ 57,490
Public safety	67,371
Highways and streets	261,914
Health and welfare	11,573
Recreation and culture	78,875
Depreciation charged to the	
internal service fund	 77,762
	_
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$ 554,985
Depreciation of business-type activities by function	
Sewer	139,498
Water	56,017
Marina	 37,922
	_
Total depreciation expense - business-type activities	\$ 233,437

9. LONG-TERM DEBT

A summary of long-term debt and transactions related thereto is as follows for the year ended February 28, 2014:

	Beginning of Year	Additions	Deductions	End of Year	Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities 2012 Capital Improvement Bonds maturing serially through fiscal 2032 in annual payments ranging from \$25,000 to \$55,000 and bearing interest from 2.0% to 6.0%.	\$ 715,000	\$ -	\$ (25,000)	\$ 690,000	\$ 25,000
2009 Capital Improvement Bonds maturing serially through fiscal 2020 in annual payments ranging from \$55,000 to \$85,000 and bearing interest ranging from 3.25% to 4.5%.	490,000	-	(60,000)	430,000	65,000

Notes To Financial Statements

	Beginning of Year		Additions	D	eductions	End of Year	Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities (conti 2007 Capital Improvement Bond maturing serially through fiscal 2018 in annual payments ranging from \$45,000 to \$80,000 and bearing interest ranging from 4.3% to 4.6%.	-) \$	-	\$	(60,000)	\$ 270,000	\$ 60,000
2004 Capital Improvement Bond maturing serially through fiscal 2015 in annual payments of \$40,000 and bearing interest	S						
at 3.38%.	80,000	<u> </u>	-		(40,000)	40,000	40,000
Total bonded debt	1,615,000)	-		(185,000)	1,430,000	190,000
2005 Act 99 installment contract maturing in fiscal 2016 in semi-annual payments of \$8,382 including interest at 4.25%. 2013 Act 99 installment contract maturing in fiscal 2020 in semi-	39,339)	-		(15,235)	24,104	15,897
annual payments of \$13,767 and bearing interest at 2.3%.	İ		153,376		(12,023)	141,353	24,379
Note payable to John Deere Credit repaid in fiscal 2014.	26,288	<u> </u>			(26,288)		<u> </u>
Total installment debt	65,62	,	153,376		(53,546)	165,457	40,276
Accrued compensated absences	234,277	<u>!</u>	98,320		(75,358)	257,234	25,374
Total governmental activities	\$ 1,914,899	\$	251,696	\$	(313,904)	\$ 1,852,691	\$ 255,650
Business-type Activities Water Revenue Bonds, repaid in fiscal 2014.	\$ 170,000) \$	-	\$	(170,000)	\$ -	\$ -

^{*} Compensated absences are generally liquidated by the general fund.

Notes To Financial Statements

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the above obligations except for the liability for accrued compensated absences is as follows:

Governmental Activities							
	Principal	I	nterest				
Ś	230,276	\$	66,357				
,	193,158	,	58,618				
	195,531		51,673				
	206,135		44,149				
	131,748		35,811				
	268,609		127,508				
	215,000		79,500				
	155,000		18,900				
\$	1,595,457	\$	482,516				
		\$ 230,276 193,158 195,531 206,135 131,748 268,609 215,000 155,000	\$ 230,276 \$ 193,158 195,531 206,135 131,748 268,609 215,000 155,000				

Total interest expense for the primary government for the year ended February 28, 2014 was \$70,394.

10. LEASES

The Village entered into lease agreements with three communication companies to lease a water tower as a site for the companies' telecommunications equipment. The initial term of the first lease agreement, which began in June 2001 was for five years with the right to extend the lease for four additional five year terms. The third lease agreement, which began in February 2013 was for five years with the right to extend the lease for five additional five year terms.

Rental income from the lease of the water tower reported in the Recreation Center Special Revenue Fund amounted to \$14,283 for the year ended February 28, 2014. Future minimum rentals related to these leases are as follows:

2015	\$ 24,333
2016	20,659
2017	11,330
2018	6,193
Total	\$ 62,515

Notes To Financial Statements

The Village entered into a lease agreement with a company for use of the Village pier. The Village renewed this lease for a period from January 1, 2007 through December 30, 2016. The annual lease amount in 2007 was \$126,978, with increases based on the performance of the franchise fee revenues as reported by all boat lines to Mackinac Island each year as follows:

- · Up to 1.50% increase in the franchise fee revenues equals 1.50% increase in pier lease.
- Increase greater than 1.60% in franchise fee revenues equals the increase in the pier lease capped at 5.00%.

Rental income from the lease reported in the General Fund amounted to \$159,008 for the year ended February 28, 2014.

11. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Village is exposed to various risks of losses related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters for which it obtains coverage from commercial insurance companies. The Village has had no settled claims resulting from these risks that exceeded their commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

12. BENEFIT PLANS

Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Plan Description. The Village established a defined benefit pension plan which provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The police officers at the Village are the only employees eligible to participate in this plan. The Village participates in the Municipal Employees Retirement System of Michigan (MERS), an agent multiple-employer plan administered by the MERS Retirement Board. Act No. 427 of the Public Acts of 1984, as amended, establishes and amends the benefit provisions of the participants in MERS. The Municipal Employees Retirement System of Michigan issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for MERS. That report may be obtained by writing to the Municipal Employees Retirement System of Michigan, 1134 Municipal Way, Lansing, Michigan, 48917 or by calling (800) 767-6377.

Funding Policy. The Village is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate; the current rate is 10.13% of annual covered payroll. Per the Village's contract with the Police Officers Labor Council, the Village's costs and contributions to this plan shall be limited to 10% of gross wages per year, with the employee responsible for any remainder. Employees are currently required to contribute 5.09%. The contribution requirements of the Village are established and may be amended by the Retirement Board of MERS. The contribution requirements of plan members, if any, are established and may be amended by the Village, depending on the MERS contribution program adopted by the Village.

Notes To Financial Statements

Annual Pension Cost. For the year ended February 28, 2014, the Village's annual pension cost of \$27,253 for MERS was equal to the Village's required and actual contributions. The required contribution was determined as part of the December 31, 2012 actuarial valuation using the entry age actuarial cost method. The actuarial assumptions included (a) a rate of return on the investment of present and future assets of 8.0%, (b) projected salary increases of 4.5% (1% for calendar years 2012-2014) plus a percentage based on an age-related scale to reflect merit, longevity and promotional salary increases, and (c) an inflationary rate of 4.5%. The actuarial value of MERS assets was determined on the basis of a valuation method that assumes the fund earns the expected rate of return, and includes an adjustment to reflect fair value. The Village's unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on an open basis. The remaining amortization period at December 31, 2011, the date of the latest actuarial valuation, was 27 years.

Three-Year Trend Information												
Years Ended February 28,		al Pension st (APC)	Percentage Contributed		Pension igation							
2012 2013	\$	28,668 26,679	100% 100%	\$	-							
2014		27,253	100%		-							

Funded Status and Funding Progress. As of December 31, 2012, the most recent valuation date, the Plan was 88% funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$811,455 and the actuarial value of assets was \$715,856, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability of \$95,599, which means the Plan is underfunded. The covered payroll (annual payroll for active employees covered by the Plan) was \$262,651 and the ratio for the underfunded actuarial accrued liability to the covered payroll was 36%.

The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

Defined Contribution Pension Plan

The Village provides pension benefits for all of its full-time employees through a defined contribution plan, the Village of Mackinaw City Pension Plan and Trust, which is administered and maintained through a life insurance company. Benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the Plan, plus investment earnings. Each individual employee has a flexible retirement annuity. Employees are eligible to participate after one year of continuous employment and having attained the age of 19. The contribution to the Plan is made by the Village based upon 10% of employee's base pay, excluding overtime.

Plan provisions and contribution requirements are established and may be amended by the Village Council. Normal retirement age is the employee's 55th birthday or the 10th anniversary of the participation commencement date. Participants are 100% vested upon entry date into the Plan. The Village made the required 10% contribution in the amount of \$62,156 and employees made contributions of \$1,680 for the plan year ended February 28, 2014.

Notes To Financial Statements

13. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Primary Government

Plan Description. The Village of Mackinaw City administers a single employer defined benefit healthcare plan established by the Village Council. In addition to the retirement benefits described in Note 13, the Village provides health insurance benefits to certain retirees, which are advance funded on a discretionary basis. In accordance with Village policy, eligible retirees receive healthcare benefits for two years after retirement. At February 28, 2013, the date of the last plan valuation, the Village's healthcare plan covered sixteen members (fifteen active plan members and one retiree receiving benefits). The plan does not issue a separate financial report.

Funding Policy. The contribution requirements of Plan members and the Village are established and may be amended by the Village Council. The required contribution is based on projected pay-as-you go financing requirements, with an additional amount to prefund benefits as determined annually by Village Council. For the year ended February 28, 2014, the Village contributed \$11,898 to the Plan, all of which was to fund current year benefits. Current retirees receiving benefits contributed \$2,799 to the Plan, based on agreed upon amounts. Subsequent to year end, this Plan was closed to future retirees that did not meet the definition of a qualifying employee.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation. The Village's annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC). The Village has elected to calculate the ARC and related information using the alternative measurement method permitted by GASB Statement No. 45 for employers in plans with fewer than one hundred total plan members. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years. The following table shows the components of the Village's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the Plan, and changes in the Village's net OPEB obligation:

Annual required contribution Interest on net OPEB obligation	\$ 11,977 1,573
Adjustment to annual required contribution	(8,195)
Net OPEB cost (expense)	5,355
Contributions made	(11,898)
Decrease in net OPEB obligation	(6,543)
Net OPEB obligation, beginning of year	 28,591
Net OPEB obligation, end of year	\$ 22,048

Notes To Financial Statements

The Village's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the Plan, and the net OPEB obligation for fiscal 2014 and the preceding two years was as follows:

Three-Year Trend Information												
Year Ended February 28,	Annual OPEB Cost	Percentage of Annual OPEB Cost Contributed		et OPEB oligation								
2012 2013 2014	\$ 23,700 23,762 5,355	2 55%	\$	17,952 28,591 22,048								

Funded Status and Funding Progress. As of February 28, 2012, the actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$240,803 all of which was unfunded. The covered payroll (annual payroll of the active employees covered by the Plan) was \$656,408 and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 37%.

The projection of future benefit payments for an ongoing plan involves estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits calculations.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions. Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the Plan as understood by the employer and Plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and Plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

The following simplifying assumptions were made:

Retirement age for active employees—Based on the historical average retirement age for the covered group, active plan members were assumed to retire at age 62.

Mortality—Life expectancies were based on mortality tables from the National Center for Health Statistics. The 2006 United States Life Tables for Males and for Females were used.

Turnover—Non-group-specific age-based turnover data from GASB Statement 45 were used as the basis for assigning active members a probability of remaining employed until the assumed retirement age and for developing an expected future working lifetime assumption for purposes of allocating to periods the present value of total benefits to be paid.

Healthcare cost trend rate—The expected rate of increase in healthcare insurance premiums was based on projections by Village management. A rate of 3.00% was used.

Notes To Financial Statements

Health insurance premiums—Fiscal year 2012 health insurance premiums for retirees were used as the basis for calculation of the present value of total benefits to be paid.

Inflation rate—The expected long-term inflation assumption of 3.30% was based on projected changes in the Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers (CPI-W) in The 2006 Annual Report of the Board of Trustees of the Federal Old-Age and Survivors Insurance and Disability Insurance Trust Funds for an intermediate growth scenario.

Payroll growth rate—The expected long-term payroll growth rate was assumed to equal the rate of inflation.

Based on the historical and expected returns of the Village's short-term investment portfolio, a discount rate of 5.50% was used. In addition, a simplified version of the entry age actuarial cost method was used. The unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on an open basis. The remaining amortization period at February 28, 2014, was thirty years.

14 NET INVESTMENT IN CAPITAL ASSETS

The composition of net investment in capital assets as of February 28, 2014, was as follows:

	 vernmental Activities	siness-type Activities
Capital assets:		
Capital assets not being depreciated	\$ 1,196,311	\$ 73,140
Capital assets being depreciated, net	5,616,953	7,169,258
	6,813,264	7,242,398
Related debt:		
Due within one year	255,650	-
Due in more than one year	1,597,041	-
Less: accrued compensated absences	(257,234)	-
	1,595,457	-
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 5,217,807	\$ 7,242,398

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Required Supplementary Information

The following schedules of employer contributions and schedules of funding progress, present multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

1. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

Schedule of Employer Contributions Six -Year Trend Information											
Years Ended February 28,	R	Annual equired htribution (ARC)	Percentage of ARC Contributed								
2009	\$	24,742	100%								
2010			25,540	100%							
2011		25,860	100%								
2012		28,668	100%								
2013		26,679	100%								
2014		27,253	100%								

Schedule of Funding Progress

Actuarial Valuation Date	١	ctuarial /alue of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) - Entry Age (b)		Under- funded AAL (UAAL) (b-a)		funded AAL (UAAL)		Accrued Ui Liability fund (AAL) - Entry (U Age (Funded Ratio (a/b)		Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll ((b-a)/c)
42 /24 /2007	÷	42.4.0.40	<u>_</u>	450.000	÷	22.020	050/	¢	220 240	4.00/				
12/31/2007	\$	434,949	\$	458,888	\$	23,939	95%	\$	239,318	10%				
12/31/2008		491,574		533,118		41,544	92%		246,990	17%				
12/31/2009		562,601		629,153		66,552	89%		210,361	32%				
12/31/2010		611,067		686,902		75,835	89%		260,064	29 %				
12/31/2011		663,851		745,249		81,398	89%		257,059	32%				
12/31/2012		715,856		811,455		95,599	88%		262,651	36%				

Required Supplementary Information

2. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Schedule of Employer Contributions											
Years Ended February 28,	February Required										
2011 2012 2014	23,128 23,656 11,978	94% 55% 99%									

Schedule of Funding Progress

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	L	actuarial Accrued Liability AL) - Entry Age (b)	Under- funded AAL (UAAL) (b-a)		Funded Ratio (a/b)	Covered Payroll (c)		UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll ((b-a)/c)
2/28/2011 2/29/2012 2/28/2014	\$ - - -	\$	219,317 240,803 22,048	\$	219,317 240,803 22,048	-% -% -%	\$	766,616 656,408 59,539	29% 37% 37%

^{*} A plan this size is not required to be valued each year. Additional years of data will be included in future years as revised valuations are necessary.



Detail Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Other Financing Uses Budget and Actual - General Fund

Budget and Actual - General Fund For the Year Ended February 28, 2014

	Original Budget	Final Amended Budget	Actual	Fina F	iance With I Amended Budget Positive legative)
Revenues					
Property taxes					
Current property taxes	\$ 1,136,222	\$ 1,093,417	\$ 1,057,688	\$	(35,729)
Property tax administration fees	10,711	15,160	15,286		126
Total property taxes	1,146,933	1,108,577	1,072,974		(35,603)
State revenue					
Liquor licenses	8,500	8,500	9,037		537
Other state revenue	66,898	78,898	77,527		(1,371)
Total state revenue	75,398	87,398	86,564		(834)
Licenses and permits					
Business licenses and permits	5,000	8,200	8,438		238
Non-business licenses and permits	2,500	2,500	5,249		2,749
Total licenses and permits	7,500	10,700	13,687		2,987
Contributions					
Other governmental units	43,159	43,159	41,475		(1,684)
Other	352,240	352,240	174,144		(178,096)
Total contributions	395,399	395,399	215,619		(179,780)
Charges for services	2,175	2,175	657		(1,518)
Fines and forfeitures	1,900	6,125	6,527		402
Interest earnings	11,000	11,000	5,760		(5,240)
Rents	182,000	182,000	167,808		(14,192)
Miscellaneous	 11,300	 11,300	11,871		571
Total revenues	 1,833,605	1,814,674	1,581,467		(233,207)

Continued...

Detail Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Other Financing Uses Budget and Actual - General Fund

Budget and Actual - General Fund For the Year Ended February 28, 2014

		Original Budget	Final nended Budget	Actual	Fina	iance With Il Amended Budget Positive Jegative)
Expenditures						
Legislative						
Village council	\$	25,177	\$ 63,742	\$ 69,039	\$	(5,297)
General government						
Village manager		80,796	82,101	86,396		(4,295)
Professional services		80,790	67,000	63,129		3,871
Clerk		21,935	26,135	27,095		(960)
Treasurer		25,337	29,857	28,478		1,379
Community development director		69,090	19,390	16,369		3,021
Village hall and grounds		97,751	71,689	68,505		3,184
Village property - other		151,995	145,275	130,831		14,444
Promotional		61,460	77,010	73,586		3,424
Planning commission		10,600	10,600	5,973		4,627
Economic development corporation		2,000	2,000	-		2,000
Total general government		601,754	531,057	500,362		30,695
Public safety						
Police department		475,118	507,218	517,999		(10,781)
Fire department		109,855	95,855	81,689		14,166
Total public safety		584,973	 603,073	599,688		3,385
	-		 	 		-,,,,,
Recreation and culture		170,305	440,853	 450,382		(9,529)
Total expenditures		1,382,209	1,638,725	1,619,471		19,254
Revenue (under) over expenditures		451,396	175,949	(38,004)		(213,953)
Other financing uses						
Transfers out		(175,098)	(175,098)	(126,674)		48,424
Net change in fund balance	\$	276,299	\$ 852	\$ (164,678)	\$	(165,530)

Concluded

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds February 28, 2014

	Special levenue Funds	Debt Service Funds	Dev	eterfront relopment ad Capital Fund	Total
Assets Cash and investments Special assessments receivable Accounts receivable Other assets Due from other funds Due from other governmental units Taxes receivable	\$ 314,640 - 5,074 - 40,950 12,507 6,794	\$ 40,119 21,789 - 15,475 8,800 -	\$	3,848 - - - - -	\$ 358,607 21,789 5,074 15,475 49,750 12,507 6,794
Total assets	\$ 379,965	\$ 86,183	\$	3,848	\$ 469,996
Liabilities Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Due to other funds	\$ 3,316 5,694 56,258	\$ - - 11,158	\$	- - -	\$ 3,316 5,694 67,416
Total liabilities	65,268	11,158		-	76,426
Deferred inflow of resources Unavailable revenue	 7,667	21,789			29,456
Fund balances Restricted:					
Highways and streets Cemetery WaWatam area seniors Debt service	186,531 106,421 9,781	- - - 53,236		- - -	186,531 106,421 9,781 53,236
Assigned: Iron workers walk foundation Capital projects	 4,297	 -		3,848	4,297 3,848
Total fund balances	 307,030	 53,236		3,848	364,114
Total liabilities, deferred inflow of resources and fund balances	\$ 379,965	\$ 86,183	\$	3,848	\$ 469,996

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended February 28, 2014

	Special	Debt	Waterfront Development	
	Revenue Funds	Service Funds	Bond Capital Funds	Total
Revenues				
Property taxes	\$ 133,745	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 133,745
State revenue	178,313	-	-	178,313
Contributions	57,385	-	-	57,385
Charges for services	18,501	-	-	18,501
Interest	-	3,665	-	3,665
Rents	72,533	-	-	72,533
Local contribution	-	17,651	-	17,651
Special assessments	-	10,721	-	10,721
Miscellaneous	1,940		2,301	4,241
Total revenues	462,417	32,037	2,301	496,755
Expenditures				
Current:				
General government	45,144	-	-	45,144
Highways and streets	510,436	-	-	510,436
Health and welfare	101,501	-	-	101,501
Recreation and culture	137,624	-	-	137,624
Debt service:				
Principal	-	200,235	-	200,235
Interest and paying agent fees	-	70,385	-	70,385
Capital outlay	40,293	<u>-</u>		40,293
Total expenditures	834,998	270,620		1,105,618
Revenue (over) under expenditures	(372,581)	(238,583)	2,301	(608,863)
Other financing sources				
Transfers in	352,010	244,445		596,455
Net change in fund balances	(20,571)	5,862	2,301	(12,408)
Fund balances, beginning of year	327,601	47,374	1,547	376,522
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 307,030	\$ 53,236	\$ 3,848	\$ 364,114

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds February 28, 2014

	Major Street	Local Street	С	emetery	ecreation Center
Assets Cash and investments Accounts receivable Due from other funds Due from other governmental units Taxes receivable	\$ 102,983 - - 8,545	\$ 95,061 - 2,281 3,962	\$	102,592 - 869 - 6,794	\$ 5,000 37,800 -
Total assets	\$ 111,528	\$ 101,304	\$	110,255	\$ 42,800
Liabilities Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Due to other funds	\$ - 2,246 14,267	\$ - 2,221 7,567	\$	804 287 2,743	\$ 2,512 940 31,681
Total liabilities	 16,513	 9,788		3,834	 35,133
Deferred inflow of resources Unavailable revenue	 	-		-	 7,667
Fund balances Restricted: Highways and streets Cemetery WaWatam area seniors Assigned: Iron workers walk foundation	95,015 - - -	91,516 - - -		- 106,421 - -	- - -
Total fund balances	95,015	91,516		106,421	
Total liabilities, deferred inflow of resources and fund balances	\$ 111,528	\$ 101,304	\$	110,255	\$ 42,800

WaWatam Area Seniors		ron Workers Walk Foundation		Total
\$ 9,78	31 \$ - - -	4,223 74 - -	\$	314,640 5,074 40,950 12,507 6,794
\$ 9,78	31 \$	4,297	\$	379,965
\$	- \$ -	-	\$	3,316 5,694 56,258
	<u>-</u>			65,268
	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>		7,667
9,78	- - 31	- - -		186,531 106,421 9,781
	<u>-</u> _	4,297	. <u></u>	4,297
9,78	31	4,297		307,030
\$ 9,78	31 \$	4,297	\$	379,965

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

For the Year Ended February 28, 2014

	Major Street	Local Street	Ce	emetery	R	ecreation Center
Revenues						
Property taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$	81,198	\$	-
State revenue	120,674	57,639		-		-
Contributions	-	-		-		2,500
Charges for services	-	-		8,081		10,420
Rents	-	-		-		72,533
Miscellaneous		 17		-		1,048
Total revenues	 120,674	57,656		89,279		86,501
Expenditures						
Current:						
General government	-	-		45,144		-
Highways and streets	282,687	227,749		-		-
Health and welfare	-	-		-		-
Recreation and culture	-	-		-		137,068
Capital outlay	-	-		-		39,479
Total expenditures	282,687	227,749		45,144		176,547
Revenue (under) over expenditures	(162,013)	(170,093)		44,135		(90,046)
Other financing sources						
Transfers in	119,433	 159,606				72,971
Net change in fund balances	(42,580)	(10,487)		44,135		(17,075)
Fund balances, beginning of year	137,595	 102,003		62,286		17,075
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 95,015	\$ 91,516	\$	106,421	\$	

WaWatam Area Seniors	Iron Workers Walk Foundation	Total
\$ 52,547	\$ -	\$ 133,745
- E4 00E	-	178,313
54,885	-	57,385 18,501
_	-	72,533
-	875	1,940
107,432	875	462,417
-	-	45,144
-	-	510,436
101,501	-	101,501
-	556	137,624
_	814	40,293
101,501	1,370	834,998
5,931	(495)	(372,581)
	-	352,010
5,931	(495)	(20,571)
3,850	4,792	327,601
\$ 9,781	\$ 4,297	\$ 307,030

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Debt Service Funds February 28, 2014

	1998 Act 99 Installment Contract Ice System		1999 Special Assessment Bonds		2004 General Obligation Bonds		In	05 Act 99 stallment Contract Fire Truck
Assets								
Cash and investments	\$	44	\$	12,470	\$	-	\$	-
Special assessments receivable Other assets		-		-		-		-
Due from other funds						-		
Total assets	\$	44	\$	12,470	\$	-	\$	
Liabilities								
Due to other funds	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Deferred inflow of resources Unavailable revenue		-		-		-		-
Fund balances								
Restricted		44		12,470		-		-
Total liabilities, deferred inflow								
of resources and fund balances	\$	44	\$	12,470	\$	-	\$	-

Ass	2007 Special Assessment Bonds		General ligation Bonds	2011 Capital Improvement Bonds		Total
\$	15,699 21,789 - 8,800	\$	8,863 - - -	\$	3,043 - 15,475 -	\$ 40,119 21,789 15,475 8,800
\$	46,288	\$	8,863	\$	18,518	\$ 86,183
\$	4,001	\$	7,157	\$	-	\$ 11,158
	21,789		-		-	21,789
	20,498		1,706		18,518	 53,236
\$	46,288	\$	8,863	\$	18,518	\$ 86,183

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Debt Service Funds

For the Year Ended February 28, 2014

	1998 Act 99 Installment Contract Ice System	1999 Special Assessment Bonds	2004 General Obligation Bonds	2005 Act 99 Installment Contract Fire Truck
Revenues				
Interest	\$ -	\$ 6	\$ -	\$ -
Special assessments	-	-	-	-
Local contributions			17,651	-
Total revenues		6	17,651	<u>-</u>
Expenditures				
Principal payments	-	-	40,000	15,235
Interest and paying agent fees		20	2,026	1,530
Total expenditures		20	42,026	16,765
Revenue under expenditures	-	(14)	(24,375)	(16,765)
Other financing sources				
Transfers in			24,375	16,765
Net change in fund balances	-	(14)	-	-
Fund balances, beginning of year	44	12,484	-	
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 44	\$ 12,470	\$ -	\$ -

2007 Special Assessment Bonds	2009 General Obligation Bonds	Obligation Improvement	
\$ 3,655 10,721	\$ 4	\$ -	\$ 3,665 10,721
-	-	-	17,651
14,376	4		32,037
60,000	60,000	25,000	200,235
15,060	20,299	31,450	70,385
75,060	80,299	56,450	270,620
(60,684)	(80,295)	(56,450)	(238,583)
67,530	80,300	55,475	244,445
6,846	5	(975)	5,862
13,652	1,701	19,493	47,374
\$ 20,498	\$ 1,706	\$ 18,518	\$ 53,236

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Capital Project Funds February 28, 2014

Waterfront Development Fund

Assets

Cash and investments (equal to assigned fund balance)

\$ 3,848

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Capital Project Funds For the Year Ended February 28, 2014

	Dev	iterfront elopment Bond
Revenues Miscellaneous	\$	2,301
Fund balances, beginning of year		1,547
Fund balances, end of year	\$	3,848

Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities Agency Funds For the Year Ended February 28, 2014

	М	alance arch 1, 2013	Additions	D	Deductions		Balance bruary 28, 2014
TAX COLLECTION FUND							
Assets							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	767	\$ 1,565,768	\$	1,565,727	\$	808
Liabilities							
Accounts payable	\$	767	\$ 1,473,062	\$	1,473,021	\$	808
Due to component unit	•	-	8,920	-	8,920	•	-
Due to other governmental units			 83,786		83,786		-
Total liabilities	\$	767	\$ 1,565,768	\$	1,565,727	\$	808
EMPLOYEE FLEX PLAN FUND							
Assets							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	6,889	\$ 40,265	\$	36,131	\$	11,023
Liabilities							
Due to employees	\$	6,889	\$ 40,265	\$	36,131	\$	11,023
TOTAL AGENCY FUNDS							
Assets							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	7,656	\$ 1,606,033	\$	1,601,858	\$	11,831
Liabilities							
Accounts payable	\$	767	\$ 1,473,062	\$	1,473,021	\$	808
Due to component unit		-	8,920		8,920		-
Due to other governmental units		-	83,786		83,786		-
Due to employees		6,889	 40,265		36,131		11,023
Total liabilities	\$	7,656	\$ 1,606,033	\$	1,601,858	\$	11,831

INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

August 15, 2014

Village Council Village of Mackinaw City, Michigan Mackinaw City, Michigan

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of Mackinaw City, Michigan (the "Village"), as of and for the year ended February 28, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated August 15, 2014.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Village's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as described below, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Village's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiencies described below to be material weaknesses.



Finding 2014-FS-1: Management is unable to produce financial statements in accordance with

accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Criteria: All Michigan governmental units are required to prepare financial statements in

accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). This is a responsibility of the Village's management. The preparation of the financial statements in accordance with GAAP requires internal controls over both (1) recording, processing and summarizing account data (i.e., maintaining internal books and records), and (2) reporting government-wide and fund financial statements,

including the related footnotes (i.e., external financial reporting).

Condition: As is the case with many smaller and medium-sized entities, the Village has

historically relied on its independent external auditors to assist in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements and footnotes as part of its external financial reporting process. Accordingly, the Village's ability to prepare financial statements in accordance with GAAP is based, in part, on its reliance on its external auditors, who cannot by definition be considered part of the Village's internal

controls.

Cause: This condition was caused by the Village's decision that it is more cost effective to

outsource the preparation of its annual financial statements to the auditors than to incur the time and expense of obtaining the necessary training and expertise required

for the Village to perform this task internally.

Effect: As a result of this condition, the Village lacks internal controls over the preparation of

financial statements in accordance with GAAP, and instead relies, in part, on its

external auditors for assistance with this task.

Recommendation: When feasible, the Village should consider training internal accounting personnel to

prepare the financial statements.

Village's Response: The Village has evaluated the cost vs. benefit of establishing internal controls over the

preparation of financial statements in accordance with GAAP, and determined that the hiring of accounting personnel capable of writing the Village's financial statements and footnotes in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted

in the United States of America is cost prohibitive.

Finding 2014-FS-2: Recording, processing and summarizing accounting data.

Criteria: All governmental units are required to have in place internal controls over recording,

processing, and summarizing accounting data (i.e., maintaining internal books and

records).

Condition: As is the case with many smaller and medium-sized entities, the Village has

historically relied on its independent external auditors to assist in the recording, processing and summarizing of certain accounting data as part of its external financial reporting process. Accordingly, the Village has placed reliance on its external auditors, who cannot by definition be considered a part of the Village's internal

controls.

Cause: This condition was caused by the Village's decision that it is more cost effective to

have the external auditors recommend the necessary adjusting journal entries to its general ledger than to incur the time and expense of obtaining the necessary training

and expertise required for the Village to perform this task internally.

Effect: As a result of this condition, the Village lacks internal controls over the recording,

processing, and summarizing of accounting data, and instead relies, in part, on its external auditors for assistance with this task. Additionally, the Village's financial statements were initially misstated by amounts that were material to the financial

statements under audit.

Recommendation: The Village should record all journal entries necessary to arrive at a reasonably

adjusted trial balance prior to generating trial balances to be used for preparation of

year-end financial statements.

Village's Response: The Village will continue its efforts to record all known adjustments in order to

provide a reasonably adjusted trial balance for the purposes of the audit.

Finding 2014-FS-3: Lack of segregation of duties exists in the accounting function due to the limited number of accounting personnel.

Criteria:

All governmental units are required to establish internal control with segregation of responsibilities necessary to prevent a misappropriation of assets or fraudulent financial reporting. This is a responsibility of the Village's management. Adequate segregation of duties as related to the cash cycle of a municipality requires separation of the management function, the custody of assets function and the accounting

function.

Condition: The small size of the Village's staff does not allow for adequate segregation of duties.

Certain members of the accounting department are responsible for the custody of assets as well as for the accounting of those assets. Further, certain employees

collect or disburse cash and account for the transactions of the Village.

Cause: As is the case with many organizations of similar size, the Village lacks a sufficient

number of accounting personnel in order to ensure a complete segregation of duties

within the accounting function.

Effect: As a result of this condition, the Village's system of internal control lacks controls to

ensure that fraud or abuse is being prevented, specifically in the transactions related to the cash cycle. Ideally, no single individual should ever be able to authorize a transaction, record the transaction in the accounting records, and maintain custody of the assets resulting from the transaction. Effectively, proper segregation of duties is intended to prevent an individual from committing an act of fraud or abuse and being

able to conceal it.

Recommendation: While there are, of course, no easy answers to the challenge of balancing the costs

and benefits of internal controls and segregation of duties, we would nevertheless encourage management to actively seek ways to further strengthen its internal controls by requiring as much independent review, reconciliation, and approval of

accounting transactions by qualified members of management or the Village Council.

Village's Response: Management has determined that the cost exceeds the benefit to employ the number

> of accounting personnel required to attain an adequate separation of duties between management functions, accounting functions, and custody of the Village's assets. To the extent possible, duties are allocated between accounting personnel to mitigate risk of material misappropriation of assets. In addition, the Village Council assumes a higher level of oversight responsibilities to mitigate risks related to this lack of

segregation of duties.

A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Village's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Village's Response to Findings

The Village's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described above. The Village's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Village's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Rehmann Loham LLC